



## Ceramic Properties Standard

				<b>Alumina</b>
				A-9985
				Semiconductor Grade
Properties*	Units	Test		Min. 99.8% $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$
Density	gm/cc	ASTM-C20		3.95
Crystal Size	MICRONS	THIN-SECTION		1
Water Absorption	%	ASTM-373		0
Gas Permeability	—	—		0
Color	—	—		IVORY
Flexural Strength (MOR)	20° C 80° C	MPa (psi x 10 <sup>3</sup> ) MPa (psi x 10 <sup>3</sup> )	ASTM-F417 ASTM-1161 "B" ASTM C-1161-02C	545 (79) 475 (69)
Elastic Modulus	20° C	GPa (psi x 10 <sup>6</sup> )	ASTM-C848	393 (57)
Poisson's Ratio	20° C	—	ASTM-C848	0.22
Compressive Strength	20° C	MPa (psi x 10 <sup>3</sup> )	ASTM-C773	2500 (363)
Hardness		GPa (kg/mm <sup>2</sup> ) R45N Rockwell A (HV <sub>30</sub> ) GPa (kg/mm <sup>2</sup> )	KNOOP 1000 gm ROCKWELL 45 N VICKERS 0.5kg	16.5 (1680) —
Tensile Strength	25° C	MPa (psi x 10 <sup>3</sup> )	ACMA TEST #4	380 (55)
Transverse Rupture Strength		MPa (psi X 10 <sup>3</sup> )		
Fracture Toughness	K(I c)	Mpa m <sup>1/2</sup>	NOTCHED BEAM	4 - 5
Thermal Conductivity	20° C	W/m °K	ASTM-C408	30.0
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion	25-400° C 25-800° C 25-1000° C	1X 10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C 1X 10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C 1X 10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C		
Specific Heat	100° C	J/kg*K	ASTM-E1269	880
Thermal Shock Resistance	ΔT <sub>c</sub>	°C	NOTE 1	200
Maximum Use Temperature		°C	NO-LOAD COND.	1700
Dielectric Strength	6.35mm	ac-kV/mm (ac V/mil)	ASTM-D116	18.1 (460)
Dielectric Constant	1 MHz 5.2 GHZ	25° C	ASTM-D150 NOTE 5	—
Dielectric Loss (tan delta)	1 MHz 5.2 GHz	25° C	ASTM-D150 NOTE 5	—
Volume Resistivity	25° C 500° C 1000° C	ohm-cm ohm-cm ohm-cm	ASTM-D1829 ASTM-D1829 ASTM-D1829	> 10 <sup>14</sup> 2 X 10 <sup>10</sup> 2 X 10 <sup>6</sup>
Impingement Rubbing		—	NOTE 2	
Pore Volume Fraction				
Fired Pre Diameter				
Pore Distribution				
Typical Use				
Manufacturing Location				

Notes:

1. Thermal Shock Resistance – Tests are run by quenching samples into water from various elevated temperatures. The change in temperature where a sharp decrease in flexural strength is observed is listed as ΔT<sub>c</sub>.

2. Wear Resistance – Impingement tests are run using a dry fused alumina abrasive. Rubbing tests are run using a dry 240 grit fused alumina abrasive. The indices in the chart are calculated by dividing the material volume loss by the volume loss of an AD-85 alumina control. The lower in the index, the better the wear resistance.

3. Thermal Shock Resistance – Tests are run by quenching samples into water from various elevated temperatures. The change in temperature where a sharp decrease in flexural strength is observed is listed as ΔT<sub>c</sub>.

4. Four point bend modulus of rup

5. Microwave Dielectric Properties - Dielectric constant and loss tangent are evaluated by a resonance method utilizing the TE<sub>011</sub> Mode

\* Ceramic property values vary somewhat with method of manufacture, size, and shape of part. Close control of values of most properties can be maintained if specified.